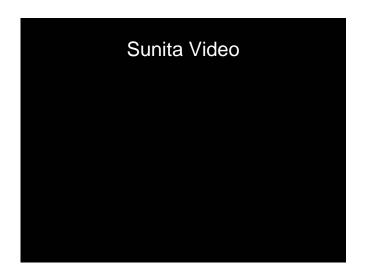


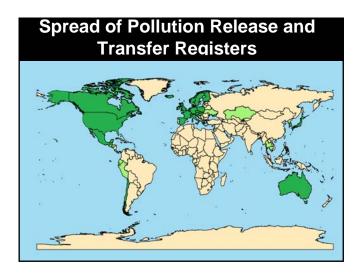
Principle 10 of the Rio Declaration

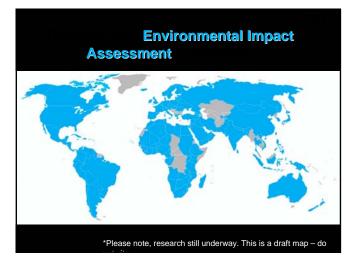
Environmental issues are best handled with participation of all concerned individuals, at the relevant level. At the national level, each individual shall have appropriate access to information concerning the environment that is held by public authorities...

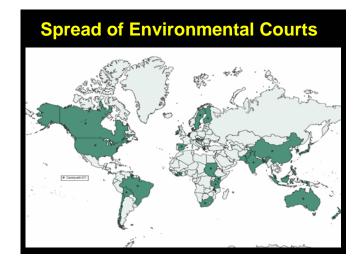
and the **opportunity to participate** in decision-making processes. States shall facilitate and encourage public awareness and participation by making information widely available. Effective **access to justice** and administrative proceedings, including redress and remedy, shall be provided.

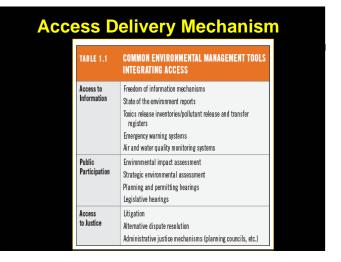












The method

- Create a tool that can be used by interested civil society and a rigorous method to test the recognition by government of citizens rights and their implementation.
- · Advocate for change of law and practice

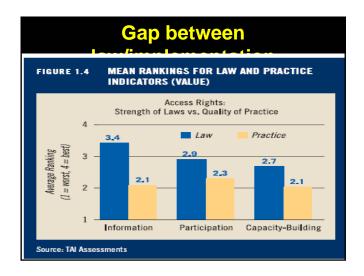
Four Approaches to Access Work

- Improving access delivery mechanisms
- Improving laws & closing Implementation gaps
- Overcoming the four Hurdles
- Functional approach to capacity building



V & C Findings

- Gap between law/implementation
- 4 Hurdles to access





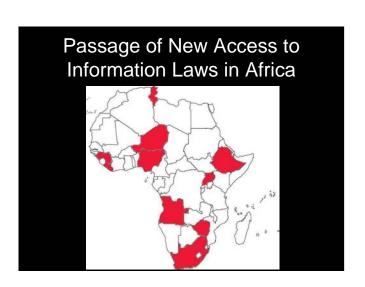
Overcoming 4 Hurdles

- Vested interests/Politics of access
- Closing Info system gaps
- A culture of openness
- Capacity building

Vested interests/Politics of access

- Laws/policy
- YES
- Broader alliances/campaig
- YES
- Messaging (narrative) & timing
- YES
- Litigation/challen
- Not done by us Not done by us













Philippines: World's largest system of environmental courts throws the doors of justice wide open to environmental concerns.

Supreme Court of the Philippines of the Philippines of the Philippines

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